# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document G02CEF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

# 1 Purpose

G02CEF takes selected elements from two vectors (typically vectors of means and standard deviations) to form two smaller vectors, and selected rows and columns from two matrices (typically either matrices of sums of squares and cross-products of deviations from means and Pearson product-moment correlation coefficients, or matrices of sums of squares and cross-products about zero and correlation-like coefficients) to form two smaller matrices, allowing re-ordering of elements in the process.

# 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO2CEF(N, XBAR, STD, SSP, ISSP, R, IR, M, KORDER, XBAR2, STD2, SSP2, ISSP2, R2, IR2, IFAIL)

INTEGER

N, ISSP, IR, M, KORDER(M), ISSP2, IR2, IFAIL

real

XBAR(N), STD(N), SSP(ISSP,N), R(IR,N), XBAR2(M), STD2(M), SSP2(ISSP2,M), R2(IR2,M)
```

# 3 Description

Input to the routine consists of:

(a) A vector of means:

$$(\bar{x}_1,\bar{x}_2,\bar{x}_3,\ldots,\bar{x}_n),$$

where n is the number of input variables.

(b) A vector of standard deviations:

$$(s_1, s_2, s_3, \ldots, s_n).$$

(c) A matrix of sums of squares and cross-products of deviations from means:

$$egin{pmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{13} & \dots & S_{1n} \ S_{21} & S_{22} & & & S_{2n} \ S_{31} & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & & \ & & & \ & & & & \ & & & \ & & & & \ & & & \ & & & \ & & & \ & & & \ & & & \ & & & \ & & \ & & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & & \ & \ & & \ & & \$$

(d) A matrix of correlation coefficients:

$$\begin{pmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} & R_{13} & \dots & R_{1n} \\ R_{21} & R_{22} & & & R_{2n} \\ R_{31} & & & & \\ \vdots & & & & \\ R_{n1} & R_{n2} & \dots & R_{nn} \end{pmatrix}$$

(e) The number of variables, m, in the required subset, and their row/column numbers in the input data,  $i_1, i_2, i_3, \ldots, i_m$ ,

$$i \le i_k \le n$$
 for  $k = 1, 2, \dots, m$   $(n \ge 2, m \ge 1 \text{ and } m \le n)$ .

New vectors and matrices are output containing the following information:

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(i) A vector of means:

$$(\bar{x}_{i_1}, \bar{x}_{i_2}, \bar{x}_{i_3}, \ldots, \bar{x}_{i_m}).$$

(ii) A vector of standard deviations:

$$(s_{i_1}, s_{i_2}, s_{i_3}, \dots, s_{i_m}).$$

(iii) A matrix of sums of squares and cross-products of deviations from means:

$$egin{pmatrix} S_{i_1i_1} & S_{i_1i_2} & S_{i_1i_3} & \dots & S_{i_1i_m} \ S_{i_2i_1} & S_{i_2i_2} & & & \ddots \ S_{i_3i_1} & & & & \ddots \ & & & & \ddots \ & & & & \ddots \ S_{i_mi_1} & S_{i_mi_2} & \dots & \dots & S_{i_mi_m} \end{pmatrix}.$$

(iv) A matrix of correlation coefficients:

**Note:** for sums of squares of cross-products of deviations about zero and correlation-like coefficients  $S_{ij}$  and  $R_{ij}$  should be replaced by  $\tilde{S}_{ij}$  and  $\tilde{R}_{ij}$  in the description of the input and output above.

## 4 References

None.

# 5 Parameters

1: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of variables, n, in the input data.

Constraint:  $N \ge 2$ .

2: XBAR(N) – *real* array

On entry: XBAR(i) must be set to  $\bar{x}_i$ , the mean of variable i, for i = 1, 2, ..., n.

3: STD(N) - real array Input

On entry: STD(i) must be set to  $s_i$ , the standard deviation of variable i, for i = 1, 2, ..., n.

4: SSP(ISSP,N) – real array Input

On entry: SSP(i, j) must be set to the sum of cross-products of deviations from means  $S_{ij}$  (or about zero,  $\tilde{S}_{ij}$ ) for variables i and j, for i, j = 1, 2, ..., n.

5: ISSP – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array SSP as declared in the (sub)program from which G02CEF is called.

Constraint: ISSP  $\geq N$ .

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Input

#### 6: R(IR,N) - real array

Input

On entry: R(i, j) must be set to the Pearson product-moment correlation coefficient  $R_{ij}$  (or the correlation-like coefficient,  $\tilde{R}_{ij}$ ) for variables i and j, for i, j = 1, 2, ..., n.

#### 7: IR – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array R as declared in the (sub)program from which G02CEF is called.

Constraint:  $IR \ge N$ .

### 8: M – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of variables m, required in the reduced vectors and matrices.

*Constraint*:  $1 \le M \le N$ .

#### 9: KORDER(M) – INTEGER array

Input

On entry: KORDER(i) must be set to the number of the original variable which is to be the ith variable in the output vectors and matrices, for i = 1, 2, ..., m.

Constraint:  $1 \leq \text{KORDER}(i) \leq N$ , for i = 1, 2, ..., m.

#### 10: XBAR2(M) - real array

Output

On exit: the mean of variable i, XBAR(i), where i = KORDER(k), for k = 1, 2, ..., m. (The array XBAR2 must differ from XBAR and STD.)

#### 11: STD2(M) - real array

Output

On exit: the standard deviation of variable i, STD(i), where i = KORDER(k), for k = 1, 2, ..., m. (The array STD2 must differ from both XBAR and STD.)

#### 12: SSP2(ISSP2,M) - real array

Output

On exit: SSP2(k, l) contains the value of SSP(i, j), where i = KORDER(k) and j = KORDER(l), for k, l = 1, 2, ..., m. (The array SSP2 must differ from both SSP and R.)

That is to say: on exit, SSP2(k, l) contains the sum of cross-products of deviations from means  $S_{ij}$  (or about zero,  $\tilde{S}_{ij}$ ).

#### 13: ISSP2 – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array SSP2 as declared in the (sub)program from which G02CEF is called.

Constraint: ISSP2  $\geq$  M.

#### 14: R2(IR2,M) - real array

Output

On exit: R2(k, l) contains the value of R(i, j), where i = KORDER(k) and j = KORDER(l), for k, l = 1, 2, ..., m. (The array R2 must differ from both SSP and R.)

That is to say: on exit, R2(k, l) contains the Pearson product-moment coefficient  $R_{ij}$  (or the correlation-like coefficient,  $\tilde{R}_{ij}$ ).

#### 15: IR2 – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array R2 as declared in the (sub)program from which G02CEF is called.

Constraint:  $IR2 \ge M$ .

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16: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

```
IFAIL = 1
      On entry, N < 2,
               M < 1.
IFAIL = 2
      On entry, N < M.
IFAIL = 3
      On entry, ISSP < N,
               IR < N,
      or
      or
               ISSP < M.
               IR2 < M.
      or
IFAIL = 4
      On entry, KORDER(i) < 1,
               KORDER(i) > N for some i = 1, 2, ..., m.
```

# 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

### **8** Further Comments

The time taken by the routine depends on n and m.

The routine is intended primarily for use when a subset of variables from a larger set of variables is to be used in a regression, and is described accordingly. There is however no reason why the routine should not also be used to select specific rows and columns from vectors and arrays which contain any other non-statistical information; the matrices need not be symmetric.

The routine may be used either with sums of squares and cross-products of deviations from means and Pearson product-moment correlation coefficients in connection with a regression involving a constant, or with sums of squares and cross-products about zero and correlation-like coefficients in connection with a regression with no constant.

# 9 Example

The following program reads in the means, standard deviations, sums of squares and cross-products, and correlation coefficients for four variables. New vectors and matrices are created containing the means,

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standard deviations, sums of squares and cross-products, and correlation coefficients for the fourth, first and second variables (in that order). Finally these new vectors and matrices are printed.

#### 9.1 Program Text

**Note:** the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
GO2CEF Example Program Text
     Mark 14 Revised. NAG Copyright 1989.
      .. Parameters ..
                       N, N2, ISSP, ICORR, ISSPX, ICORRX
      TNTEGER
                       (N=4,N2=3,ISSP=N,ICORR=N,ISSPX=N2,ICORRX=N2)
     PARAMETER
     INTEGER
                       NIN, NOUT
     PARAMETER
                       (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
      .. Local Scalars ..
                       I, IFAIL, J
     INTEGER
      .. Local Arrays ..
     real
                       CORR(ICORR,N), CORRX(ICORRX,N2), SSP(ISSP,N),
                       SSPX(ISSPX,N2), STD(N), STDX(N2), XM(N), XMX(N2)
     INTEGER
                       TORDER (N2)
      .. External Subroutines ..
     EXTERNAL
                      G02CEF
      .. Executable Statements ..
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'GO2CEF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     READ (NIN,*)
     READ (NIN,*) (XM(I),I=1,N), (STD(I),I=1,N),
     + ((SSP(I,J),J=1,N),I=1,N), ((CORR(I,J),J=1,N),I=1,N)
     WRITE (NOUT, *)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99999) 'Original vector XM : ', (XM(I), I=1, N)
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99999) 'Original vector STD:
                                                   ', (STD(I),I=1,N)
     WRITE (NOUT, *)
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Original matrix SSP :'
      WRITE (NOUT, 99998) ((SSP(I,J), J=1,N), I=1,N)
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Original matrix CORR :'
      WRITE (NOUT, 99998) ((CORR(I,J), J=1,N), I=1,N)
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
      IORDER(1) = 4
      IORDER(2) =
      IORDER(3) = 2
     IFAIL = 1
     CALL GO2CEF(N,XM,STD,SSP,ISSP,CORR,ICORR,N2,IORDER,XMX,STDX,SSPX,
                  ISSPX, CORRX, ICORRX, IFAIL)
      IF (IFAIL.NE.O) THEN
        WRITE (NOUT, 99997) 'Routine fails, IFAIL =', IFAIL
      ELSE
        WRITE (NOUT, 99996) 'New vector XMX : ', (XMX(I), I=1, N2)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT,99996) 'New vector STDX : ', (STDX(I),I=1,N2)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
        WRITE (NOUT, *) 'New matrix SSPX :'
        WRITE (NOUT, 99995) ((SSPX(I,J), J=1,N2), I=1,N2)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT, *) 'New matrix CORRX :'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99995) ((CORRX(I,J), J=1,N2), I=1,N2)
     END IF
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,4F10.4)
99998 FORMAT (1x,4F10.4)
99997 FORMAT (1X,A,I2)
99996 FORMAT (1X,A,3F10.4)
99995 FORMAT (1X,3F10.4)
     END
```

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#### 9.2 **Program Data**

```
GO2CEF Example Program Data
                 1.8000
5.8000
          2.8000
                              5.4000
          1.9240
5.0695
                   2.5884
                              4.9800
102.8000 -29.2000 -14.2000 -57.6000
-29.2000 14.8000 -6.2000
-14.2000 -6.2000 28.6000
                             6.4000
                              42.4000
-57.6000 6.4000
                              99.2000
                   42.4000
         -0.7486 -0.2619
1.0000
                              -0.5704
        1.0000
-0.7486
                   -0.3014
                              0.1670
-0.2619
         -0.3014 1.0000
                              0.7960
-0.5704
         0.1670
                    0.7960
                              1.0000
```

#### 9.3 **Program Results**

```
GO2CEF Example Program Results
```

```
Original vector XM :
                            5.8000
                                    2.8000
                                                1.8000
                                                          5.4000
Original vector STD :
                            5.0695
                                    1.9240
                                                2.5884
                                                          4.9800
Original matrix SSP
 102.8000 -29.2000 -14.2000 -57.6000
-29.2000 14.8000 -6.2000 6.4000
  -14.2000 -6.2000
                              42.4000
                      28.6000
  -57.6000
           6.4000
                     42.4000
                               99.2000
Original matrix CORR :
                                -0.5704
   1.0000 -0.7486
                      -0.2619
   -0.7486
            1.0000
                     -0.3014
                               0.1670
   -0.2619
                                0.7960
            -0.3014
                      1.0000
   -0.5704
            0.1670
                      0.7960
                                 1.0000
New vector XMX
                       5.4000
                                 5.8000
                                            2.8000
New vector STDX :
                       4.9800
                                 5.0695
                                            1.9240
New matrix SSPX :
   99.2000 -57.6000
                       6.4000
  -57.6000 102.8000
                     -29.2000
   6.4000 -29.2000
                      14.8000
New matrix CORRX :
   1.0000 -0.5704
                      0.1670
             1.0000
                      -0.7486
   -0.5704
   0.1670
            -0.7486
                       1.0000
```

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