

NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

G01EUF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G01EUF returns the value of the Vavilov distribution function $\Phi_V(\lambda; \kappa, \beta^2)$, via the routine name.

It is intended to be used after a call to G01ZUF.

2 Specification

```
double precision FUNCTION G01EUF (X, WORK, IFAIL)
  INTEGER                                IFAIL
double precision                        X, WORK(322)
```

3 Description

G01EUF evaluates an approximation to the Vavilov distribution function $\Phi_V(\lambda; \kappa, \beta^2)$ given by

$$\Phi_V(\lambda; \kappa, \beta^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\lambda} \phi_V(\lambda; \kappa, \beta^2) d\lambda,$$

where $\phi(\lambda)$ is described in G01MUF. The method used is based on Fourier expansions. Further details can be found in Schorr (1974).

4 References

Schorr B (1974) Programs for the Landau and the Vavilov distributions and the corresponding random numbers *Comp. Phys. Comm.* **7** 215–224

5 Parameters

- 1: X – **double precision** *Input*
On entry: the argument λ of the function.
- 2: WORK(322) – **double precision** array *Communication Array*
On entry: this **must** be the same parameter WORK as returned by a previous call to G01ZUF.
- 3: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*
On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, –1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.
On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value –1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. **When the value –1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

IFAIL = 1

Either the initialization routine has not been called prior to the first call of this routine or a communication array has become corrupted.

7 Accuracy

At least 5 significant digits are usually correct.

8 Further Comments

G01EUF can be called repeatedly with different values of λ provided that the values of κ and β^2 remain unchanged between calls. Otherwise, G01ZUF must be called again. This is illustrated in Section 9.

9 Example

The example program evaluates $\Phi_V(\lambda; \kappa, \beta^2)$ at $\lambda = 0.1$, $\kappa = 2.5$ and $\beta^2 = 0.7$, and prints the results.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*      G01EUF Example Program Text
*      Mark 21 Release. NAG Copyright 2004.
*      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER        (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      INTEGER          MODE
      PARAMETER        (MODE=1)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION BETA2, C1, C2, RKAPPA, X, XL, XU, Y
      INTEGER          IFAIL
*      .. External Functions ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION G01EUF, X02ALF
      EXTERNAL          G01EUF, X02ALF
*      .. Local Arrays ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION WORK(322)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL          G01ZUF
*      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G01EUF Example Program Results'
*      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN,*)
      C1 = -X02ALF()
      C2 = -X02ALF()
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT,*) '  X      RKAPPA      BETA2      Y      IFAIL'
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
20    READ (NIN,*,END=40) X, RKAPPA, BETA2
      IF ((RKAPPA.NE.C1) .OR. (BETA2.NE.C2)) THEN
*
*          Initialise array WORK before the call to G01EUF
*
*          IFAIL = 0
*
*          CALL G01ZUF(RKAPPA,BETA2,MODE,XL,XU,WORK,IFAIL)
*
      END IF
*
*      Compute the value of the Vavilov distribution function
*
      IFAIL = 0
```

```

*
      Y = G01EUF(X,WORK,IFAIL)
*
      WRITE (NOUT,99999) X, RKAPPA, BETA2, Y, IFAIL
      C1 = RKAPPA
      C2 = BETA2
      GO TO 20
40 STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,F4.1,5X,F4.1,5X,F4.1,3X,1P,D12.4,I6)
      END

```

9.2 Program Data

G01EUF Example Program Data

0.1 2.5 0.7 : Values of X, RKAPPA and BETA2

9.3 Program Results

G01EUF Example Program Results

X	RKAPPA	BETA2	Y	IFAIL
0.1	2.5	0.7	9.9982D-01	0
