NAG Fortran Library Routine Document F08HCF (SSBEVD/DSBEVD)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

Warning. The specification of the parameters LWORK and LIWORK changed at Mark 20 in the case where JOB = 'V' and N > 1: the minimum dimension of the array WORK has been reduced whereas the minimum dimension of the array IWORK has been increased.

1 Purpose

F08HCF (SSBEVD/DSBEVD) computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a real symmetric band matrix. If the eigenvectors are requested, then it uses a divide and conquer algorithm to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors. However, if only eigenvalues are required, then it uses the Pal–Walker–Kahan variant of the QL or QR algorithm.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F08HCF(JOB, UPLO, N, KD, AB, LDAB, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, LWORK, 1 IWORK, LIWORK, INFO)

ENTRY SSbevd (JOB, UPLO, N, KD, AB, LDAB, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, LWORK, 1 IWORK, LIWORK, INFO)

INTEGER N, KD, LDAB, LDZ, LWORK, IWORK(*), LIWORK, INFO

Peal AB(LDAB,*), W(*), Z(LDZ,*), WORK(*)

CHARACTER*1 JOB, UPLO
```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a real symmetric band matrix A. In other words, it can compute the spectral factorization of A as

$$A = Z\Lambda Z^T$$
,

where Λ is a diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues λ_i , and Z is the orthogonal matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors z_i . Thus

$$Az_i = \lambda_i z_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

4 References

Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

1: JOB – CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed as follows:

if JOB = 'N', only eigenvalues are computed;

if JOB = 'V', eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

Constraint: JOB = 'N' or 'V'.

2: UPLO - CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangular part of A is stored;

if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangular part of A is stored.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

3: N - INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

4: KD – INTEGER

Input

On entry: k, the number of super-diagonals of the matrix A if UPLO = 'U', or the number of sub-diagonals if UPLO = 'L'.

Constraint: KD > 0.

5: AB(LDAB,*) – *real* array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array AB must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the upper or the lower triangle of the n by n symmetric band matrix A, stored in the first KD+1 rows of the array AB. More precisely, the jth column of A is stored in the jth column of the array AB as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', AB(KD + 1 +
$$i - j, j$$
) = a_{ij} for max(1, $j - \text{KD}$) $\leq i \leq j$; if UPLO = 'L', AB(1 + $i - j, j$) = a_{ij} for $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + \text{KD})$.

On exit: A is overwritten by the values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form. If UPLO = 'U', the first superdiagonal and the diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix are returned in rows KD and KD + 1 of the array AB, respectively, and if UPLO = 'L', the diagonal and the first subdiagonal of the tridiagonal matrix are returned in the first two rows of the array AB.

6: LDAB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F08HCF (SSBEVD/DSBEVD) is called.

Constraint: LDAB > KD + 1.

7: W(*) - real array

Output

Note: the dimension of the array W must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: the eigenvalues of the matrix A in ascending order.

8: Z(LDZ,*) - real array

Output

Note: the second dimension of the array Z must be at least max(1, N) if JOB = 'V', and at least 1 if JOB = 'N'.

On exit: if JOB = V', Z is overwritten by the orthogonal matrix Z which contains the eigenvectors of A. The ith column of Z contains the eigenvector which corresponds to the eigenvalue W(i).

If JOB = 'N', Z is not referenced.

9: LDZ – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array Z as declared in the (sub)program from which F08HCF (SSBEVD/DSBEVD) is called.

Constraints:

LDZ
$$\geq \max(1, N)$$
 if JOB = 'V',
LDZ ≥ 1 if JOB = 'N'.

10: WORK(*) - real array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least max(1, LWORK).

On exit: if INFO = 0, WORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LWORK.

11: LWORK – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08HCF (SSBEVD/DSBEVD) is called, unless LWORK = -1, in which case a workspace query is assumed and the routine only calculates the minimum dimension of WORK.

Constraints:

```
if N \le 1, LWORK \ge 1 or LWORK = -1, if JOB = 'N' and N > 1, LWORK \ge 2 \times N or LWORK = -1, if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, LWORK \ge 2 \times N^2 + 5 \times N + 1 or LWORK = -1.
```

12: IWORK(*) – INTEGER array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array IWORK must be at least max(1, LIWORK).

On exit: if INFO = 0, IWORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LIWORK.

13: LIWORK – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array IWORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08HCF (SSBEVD/DSBEVD) is called, unless LIWORK =-1, in which case a workspace query is assumed and the routine only calculates the minimum dimension of IWORK.

Constraints:

```
if JOB = 'N' or N \le 1, LIWORK \ge 1 or LIWORK = -1, if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, LIWORK \ge 5 \times N + 3 or LIWORK = -1.
```

14: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, the algorithm failed to converge; i indicates the number of elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form which did not converge to zero.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix A + E, where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||A||_2$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

8 Further Comments

The complex analogue of this routine is F08HQF (CHBEVD/ZHBEVD).

9 Example

To compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the symmetric band matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 & 2.0 & 3.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 2.0 & 2.0 & 3.0 & 4.0 & 0.0 \\ 3.0 & 3.0 & 3.0 & 4.0 & 5.0 \\ 0.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 & 5.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 5.0 & 5.0 & 5.0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO8HCF Example Program Text.
  Mark 20 Revised. NAG Copyright 2001.
   .. Parameters ..
  INTEGER
                    NIN, NOUT
                    (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
  PARAMETER
                  NMAX, KDMAX, LDAB, LDZ
  INTEGER
  PARAMETER
                   (NMAX=9, KDMAX=4, LDAB=KDMAX, LDZ=NMAX)
  INTEGER
                  LWORK, LIWORK
                   (LWORK=2*NMAX*NMAX+5*NMAX+1,LIWORK=5*NMAX+3)
  PARAMETER
   .. Local Scalars ..
            I, IFAIL, INFO, J, KD, N
  TNTEGER
  CHARACTER
                   JOB, UPLO
   .. Local Arrays ..
           AB(LDAB,NMAX), W(NMAX), WORK(LWORK), Z(LDZ,NMAX)
IWORK(LIWORK)
  INTEGER
   .. External Subroutines ..
  EXTERNAL ssbevd, X04CAF
   .. Intrinsic Functions ..
  INTRINSIC
                   MAX, MIN
   .. Executable Statements ..
  WRITE (NOUT,*) 'FO8HCF Example Program Results'
  Skip heading in data file
  READ (NIN, *)
  READ (NIN, *) N, KD
  IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
     Read A from data file
      READ (NIN,*) UPLO
      IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
        DO 20 I = 1, N
            READ (NIN,*) (AB(KD+1+I-J,J),J=I,MIN(N,I+KD))
         CONTINUE
20
      ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
        DO 40 I = 1, N
           READ (NIN,*) (AB(1+I-J,J),J=MAX(1,<math>I-KD),I)
         CONTINUE
40
      END IF
```

```
READ (NIN,*) JOB
         Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A
         CALL ssbevd (JOB, UPLO, N, KD, AB, LDAB, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, LWORK, IWORK,
                      LIWORK, INFO)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         IF (INFO.GT.O) THEN
            WRITE (NOUT, *) 'Failure to converge.'
            Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors
            WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Eigenvalues'
            WRITE (NOUT, 99999) (W(I), I=1, N)
            WRITE (NOUT, *)
            IFAIL = 0
            CALL XO4CAF('General',' ',N,N,Z,LDZ,'Eigenvectors',IFAIL)
         END IF
      END IF
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (3X, (8F8.4))
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
FO8HCF Example Program Data
5 2 :Values of N and KD
'L' :Value of UPLO
1.0 2.0 3.0
2.0 2.0 3.0 4.0
3.0 3.0 4.0 5.0
4.0 4.0 4.0 5.0
5.0 5.0 5.0 :End of matrix A
'V' :Value of JOB
```

9.3 Program Results