NAG Fortran Library Routine Document F07TEF (STRTRS/DTRTRS)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07TEF (STRTRS/DTRTRS) solves a real triangular system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides, AX = B or $A^TX = B$.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO7TEF(UPLO, TRANS, DIAG, N, NRHS, A, LDA, B, LDB, INFO)
ENTRY

**strts** (UPLO, TRANS, DIAG, N, NRHS, A, LDA, B, LDB, INFO)

INTEGER

N, NRHS, LDA, LDB, INFO

**real** A(LDA,*), B(LDB,*)

CHARACTER*1

UPLO, TRANS, DIAG
```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine solves a real triangular system of linear equations AX = B or $A^{T}X = B$.

4 References

Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Higham N J (1989) The accuracy of solutions to triangular systems SIAM J. Numer. Anal. 26 1252-1265

5 Parameters

1: UPLO - CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether A is upper or lower triangular as follows:

```
if UPLO = 'U', A is upper triangular; if UPLO = 'L', A is lower triangular.
```

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: TRANS - CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates the form of the equations as follows:

```
if TRANS = 'N', then the equations are of the form AX = B; if TRANS = 'T' or 'C', then the equations are of the form A^TX = B.
```

Constraint: TRANS = 'N', 'T' or 'C'.

3: DIAG - CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether A is a non-unit or unit triangular matrix as follows:

if DIAG = 'N', A is a non-unit triangular matrix;

if DIAG = 'U', A is a unit triangular matrix; the diagonal elements are not referenced and are assumed to be 1.

Constraint: DIAG = 'N' or 'U'.

4: N - INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: N > 0.

5: NRHS – INTEGER

Input

On entry: r, the number of right-hand sides.

Constraint: NRHS ≥ 0 .

6: A(LDA,*) - real array

Input

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n triangular matrix A. If UPLO = 'U', A is upper triangular and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced; if UPLO = 'L', A is lower triangular and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced. If DIAG = 'U', the diagonal elements of A are not referenced, but are assumed to be 1.

7: LDA – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07TEF (STRTRS/DTRTRS) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq \max(1, N)$.

8: B(LDB,*) - real array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r right-hand side matrix B.

On exit: the n by r solution matrix X.

9: LDB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07TEF (STRTRS/DTRTRS) is called.

Constraint: LDB $\geq \max(1, N)$.

10: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, a_{ii} is zero and the matrix A is singular.

7 Accuracy

The solutions of triangular systems of equations are usually computed to high accuracy. See Higham (1989).

For each right-hand side vector b, the computed solution x is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations (A + E)x = b, where

$$|E| \le c(n)\epsilon |A|,$$

c(n) is a modest linear function of n, and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

If \hat{x} is the true solution, then the computed solution x satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x-\hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \leq c(n)\operatorname{cond}(A,x)\epsilon, \quad \operatorname{provided} \quad c(n)\operatorname{cond}(A,x)\epsilon < 1,$$

where $cond(A, x) = ||A^{-1}| |A| |x||_{\infty} / ||x||_{\infty}.$

Note that $\operatorname{cond}(A, x) \leq \operatorname{cond}(A) = \||A^{-1}||A|\|_{\infty} \leq \kappa_{\infty}(A)$; $\operatorname{cond}(A, x)$ can be much smaller than $\operatorname{cond}(A)$ and it is also possible for $\operatorname{cond}(A^T)$ to be much larger (or smaller) than $\operatorname{cond}(A)$.

Forward and backward error bounds can be computed by calling F07THF (STRRFS/DTRRFS), and an estimate for $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$ can be obtained by calling F07TGF (STRCON/DTRCON) with NORM = 'I'.

8 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately n^2r .

The complex analogue of this routine is F07TSF (CTRTRS/ZTRTRS).

9 Example

To solve the system of equations AX = B, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4.30 & 0.00 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ -3.96 & -4.87 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.40 & 0.31 & -8.02 & 0.00 \\ -0.27 & 0.07 & -5.95 & 0.12 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -12.90 & -21.50 \\ 16.75 & 14.93 \\ -17.55 & 6.33 \\ -11.04 & 8.09 \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO7TEF Example Program Text
*
     Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
     .. Parameters ..
     INTEGER
                    NIN, NOUT
     PARAMETER
                      (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
     INTEGER
                      NMAX, LDA, NRHMAX, LDB
                     (NMAX=8,LDA=NMAX,NRHMAX=NMAX,LDB=NMAX)
     PARAMETER
     CHARACTER
                    TRANS, DIAG
                     (TRANS='N',DIAG='N')
     PARAMETER
     .. Local Scalars ..
                     I, IFAIL, INFO, J, N, NRHS
     INTEGER
     CHARACTER
     .. Local Arrays ..
           A(LDA, NMAX), B(LDB, NRHMAX)
      .. External Subroutines ..
     EXTERNAL strtrs, X04CAF
```

```
.. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT, *) 'F07TEF Example Program Results'
Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN, *)
READ (NIN,*) N, NRHS
IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. NRHS.LE.NRHMAX) THEN
   Read A and B from data file
   READ (NIN,*) UPLO
   IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
     READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=I,N),I=1,N)
   ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
     READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=1,I),I=1,N)
   END IF
   READ (NIN,*) ((B(I,J),J=1,NRHS),I=1,N)
  Compute solution
   CALL strtrs (UPLO, TRANS, DIAG, N, NRHS, A, LDA, B, LDB, INFO)
   Print solution
   WRITE (NOUT, *)
   IF (INFO.EQ.O) THEN
      IFAIL = 0
      CALL XO4CAF('General',' ',N,NRHS,B,LDB,'Solution(s)',IFAIL)
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'A is singular'
  END IF
END IF
STOP
END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
FO7TEF Example Program Data
                               :Values of N and NRHS
  4 2
  'L'
                               :Value of UPLO
 4.30
       -4.87
-3.96
0.40 0.31 -8.02
-0.27 0.07 -5.95 0.12 :End of matrix A
-12.90 -21.50
16.75 14.93
-17.55
        6.33
       8.09
-11.04
                              :End of matrix B
```

9.3 Program Results

```
F07TEF Example Program Results

Solution(s)

1 2
1 -3.0000 -5.0000
2 -1.0000 1.0000
3 2.0000 -1.0000
4 1.0000 6.0000
```