NAG Fortran Library Routine Document F07PUF (CHPCON/ZHPCON)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07PUF (CHPCON/ZHPCON) estimates the condition number of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A, where A has been factorized by F07PRF (CHPTRF/ZHPTRF), using packed storage.

2 Specification

SUBROUTINE F07PUF(UPLO, N, AP, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, INFO)
ENTRY chpcon (UPLO, N, AP, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, INFO)

INTEGER N, IPIV(*), INFO
real ANORM, RCOND
complex AP(*), WORK(*)
CHARACTER*1 UPLO

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A:

$$\kappa_1(A) = ||A||_1 ||A^{-1}||_1.$$

Since A is Hermitian, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_{\infty}(A) = ||A||_{\infty} ||A^{-1}||_{\infty}$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06UDF to compute $||A||_1$ and a call to F07PRF (CHPTRF/ZHPTRF) to compute the Bunch–Kaufman factorization of A. The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate $||A^{-1}||_1$.

4 References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation ACM Trans. Math. Software 14 381–396

5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates how A has been factorized as follows:

if UPLO = 'U',
$$A = PUDU^{H}P^{T}$$
, where U is upper triangular;

if UPLO = 'L',
$$A = PLDL^{H}P^{T}$$
, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: N > 0.

3: AP(*) - complex array

Input

Note: the dimension of the array AP must be at least max(1, N*(N+1)/2).

On entry: details of the factorization of A stored in packed form, as returned by F07PRF (CHPTRF/ZHPTRF).

4: IPIV(*) – INTEGER array

Input

Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: details of the interchanges and the block structure of D, as returned by F07PRF (CHPTRF/ZHPTRF).

5: ANORM – real Input

On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A, which may be computed by calling F06UDF. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07PRF (CHPTRF/ZHPTRF) or else from a copy of the original matrix A.

Constraint: ANORM > 0.0.

6: RCOND – real

On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A. RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than **machine precision**, A is singular to working precision.

7: WORK(*) - complex array

Workspace

Output

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least max(1, 2 * N).

8: INFO – INTEGER Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to this routine involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form Ax = b; the number is usually 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $8n^2$ real floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07PSF (CHPTRS/ZHPTRS) with 1 right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The real analogue of this routine is F07PGF (SSPCON/DSPCON).

9 Example

To estimate the condition number in the 1-norm (or infinity-norm) of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.36 + 0.00i & 1.58 + 0.90i & 2.21 - 0.21i & 3.91 + 1.50i \\ 1.58 - 0.90i & -8.87 + 0.00i & -1.84 - 0.03i & -1.78 + 1.18i \\ 2.21 + 0.21i & -1.84 + 0.03i & -4.63 + 0.00i & 0.11 + 0.11i \\ 3.91 - 1.50i & -1.78 - 1.18i & 0.11 - 0.11i & -1.84 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}$$

Here A is Hermitian indefinite, stored in packed form, and must first be factorized by F07PRF (CHPTRF/ZHPTRF). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 9.10.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO7PUF Example Program Text
*
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*
      .. Parameters ..
                       NIN, NOUT
      INTEGER
                      (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
     PARAMETER
     INTEGER
                     NMAX
     PARAMETER
                      (NMAX=8)
      .. Local Scalars ..
     real
                      ANORM, RCOND
                      I, INFO, J, N
      INTEGER
      CHARACTER
                      UPTO
      .. Local Arrays ..
     complexAP (NMAX*(NMrealRWORK(NMAX)INTEGERIPIV(NMAX)
                      AP(NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2), WORK(2*NMAX)
                      IPIV(NMAX)
      .. External Functions ..
     .. External Subroutines ..
     EXTERNAL chpcon, chptrf
      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07PUF Example Program Results'
      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN, *)
      READ (NIN,*) N
      IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
         Read A from data file
         READ (NIN, *) UPLO
         IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
            READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+J*(J-1)/2),J=I,N),I=1,N)
         ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
            READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+(2*N-J)*(J-1)/2),J=1,I),I=1,N)
         END IF
         Compute norm of A
         ANORM = F06UDF('1-norm', UPLO, N, AP, RWORK)
         Factorize A
         CALL chptrf(UPLO,N,AP,IPIV,INFO)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         IF (INFO.EQ.O) THEN
            Estimate condition number
            CALL chpcon (UPLO, N, AP, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, INFO)
```

9.2 Program Data

```
FO7PUF Example Program Data

4
'L'
(-1.36, 0.00)
(1.58,-0.90) (-8.87, 0.00)
(2.21, 0.21) (-1.84, 0.03) (-4.63, 0.00)
(3.91,-1.50) (-1.78,-1.18) (0.11,-0.11) (-1.84, 0.00) :End of matrix A
```

9.3 Program Results

```
F07PUF Example Program Results

Estimate of condition number = 6.68E+00
```