

NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

F06ULF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F06ULF returns, via the function name, the value of the 1-norm, the ∞ -norm, the Frobenius norm, or the maximum absolute value of the elements of a complex n by n triangular band matrix.

2 Specification

```
double precision FUNCTION F06ULF (NORM, UPLO, DIAG, N, K, AB, LDAB, WORK)
      INTEGER N, K, LDAB
      double precision WORK(*)
      complex*16 AB(LDAB,*)
      CHARACTER*1 NORM, UPLO, DIAG
```

3 Description

None.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

1: NORM – CHARACTER*1 *Input*

On entry: specifies the value to be returned:

- if NORM = '1' or 'O', the 1-norm;
- if NORM = 'I', the ∞ -norm;
- if NORM = 'F' or 'E', the Frobenius (or Euclidean) norm;
- if NORM = 'M', the value $\max_{i,j} |a_{ij}|$ (not a norm).

Constraint: NORM = '1', 'O', 'I', 'F', 'E' or 'M'.

2: UPLO – CHARACTER*1 *Input*

On entry: specifies whether A is upper or lower triangular as follows:

- if UPLO = 'U', A is upper triangular;
- if UPLO = 'L', A is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

3: DIAG – CHARACTER*1 *Input*

On entry: specifies whether A has non-unit or unit diagonal elements, as follows:

- if DIAG = 'N', the diagonal elements are stored explicitly;
- if DIAG = 'U', the diagonal elements are assumed to be 1, and are not referenced.

Constraint: DIAG = 'N' or 'U'.

4:	N – INTEGER	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> n , the order of the matrix A .		
<i>Constraint:</i> $N \geq 0$.		
5:	K – INTEGER	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> k , the number of sub-diagonals or super-diagonals of the matrix A .		
<i>Constraint:</i> $K \geq 0$.		
6:	AB(LDAB,*) – complex*16 array	<i>Input</i>
Note: the second dimension of the array AB must be at least $\max(1, N)$.		
<i>On entry:</i> the n by n triangular band matrix A , stored in rows 1 to $k + 1$. More precisely, if UPL0 = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of A within the band must be stored with element a_{ij} in $AB(k + 1 + i - j, j)$ for $\max(1, j - k) \leq i \leq j$; if UPL0 = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of A within the band must be stored with element a_{ij} in $AB(1 + i - j, j)$ for $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + k)$. If DIAG = 'U', the diagonal elements of A are assumed to be 1, and are not referenced.		
7:	LDAB – INTEGER	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F06ULF is called.		
<i>Constraint:</i> $LDAB \geq K + 1$.		
8:	WORK(*) – double precision array	<i>Workspace</i>
Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least $\max(1, N)$ if NORM = 'T' and at least 1 otherwise.		

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.
