

# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

## F01CTF

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F01CTF adds two ***real*** matrices, each one optionally transposed and multiplied by a scalar.

### 2 Specification

```

SUBROUTINE F01CTF(TRANSA, TRANSB, M, N, ALPHA, A, LDA, BETA, B, LDB, C,
1                LDC, IFAIL)
  INTEGER          M, N, LDA, LDB, LDC, IFAIL
  real            ALPHA, A(LDA,*), BETA, B(LDB,*), C(LDC,*)
  CHARACTER*1      TRANSA, TRANSB

```

### 3 Description

This routine performs one of the operations

$$C := \alpha A + \beta B,$$

$$C := \alpha A^T + \beta B,$$

$$C := \alpha A + \beta B^T \text{ or}$$

$$C := \alpha A^T + \beta B^T,$$

where  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are matrices, and  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are scalars. For efficiency, the routine contains special code for the cases when one or both of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  is equal to zero, unity or minus unity. The matrices, or their transposes, must be compatible for addition.  $A$  and  $B$  are either  $m$  by  $n$  or  $n$  by  $m$  matrices, depending on whether they are to be transposed before addition.  $C$  is an  $m$  by  $n$  matrix.

### 4 References

None.

### 5 Parameters

- 1: TRANSA – CHARACTER\*1 *Input*  
 2: TRANSB – CHARACTER\*1 *Input*

*On entry:* TRANSA and TRANSB must specify whether or not the matrix  $A$  and the matrix  $B$ , respectively, are to be transposed before addition.

If TRANSA or TRANSB = 'N', the matrix will not be transposed.

If TRANSA or TRANSB = 'T' or 'C', the matrix will be transposed.

*Constraint:* TRANSA and TRANSB must be one of 'N', 'T' or 'C'.

- 3: M – INTEGER *Input*

*On entry:* the number of rows,  $m$ , of the matrices  $A$  and  $B$  or their transposes. Also the number of rows of the matrix  $C$ .

*Constraint:*  $M \geq 0$ .

- 4: N – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the number of columns,  $n$ , of the matrices  $A$  and  $B$  or their transposes. Also the number of columns of the matrix  $C$ .  
*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .
- 5: ALPHA – *real* *Input*  
*On entry:* the scalar  $\alpha$ , by which matrix  $A$  is multiplied before addition.
- 6: A(LDA,\*) – *real* array *Input*  
*On entry:* if TRANS $A$  = 'N', then the second dimension of  $A$  must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ , and the leading  $m$  by  $n$  part of  $A$  must contain the matrix  $A$ . Otherwise the second dimension of  $A$  must be at least  $\max(1, M)$ , and the leading  $n$  by  $m$  part of  $B$  must contain the matrix  $A$ . If  $\alpha = 0.0$ , the elements of array  $A$  need not be assigned.
- 7: LDA – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array  $A$  as declared in the (sub)program from which F01CTF is called.  
*Constraint:* if TRANS $A$  = 'N',  $LDA \geq \max(1, M)$ , otherwise  $LDA \geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 8: BETA – *real* *Input*  
*On entry:* the scalar  $\beta$ , by which matrix  $B$  is multiplied before addition.
- 9: B(LDB,\*) – *real* array *Input*  
*On entry:* if TRANS $B$  = 'N', then the second dimension of  $B$  must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ , and the leading  $m$  by  $n$  part of  $B$  must contain the matrix  $B$ . Otherwise the second dimension of  $B$  must be at least  $\max(1, M)$ , and the leading  $n$  by  $m$  part of  $B$  must contain the matrix  $B$ . If  $\beta = 0.0$ , the elements of array  $B$  need not be assigned.
- 10: LDB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array  $B$  as declared in the (sub)program from which F01CTF is called.  
*Constraint:* if TRANS $B$  = 'N',  $LDB \geq \max(1, M)$ , otherwise  $LDB \geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 11: C(LDC,\*) – *real* array *Output*  
*On exit:* the elements of the  $m$  by  $n$  matrix  $C$ .
- 12: LDC – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array  $C$  as declared in the (sub)program from which F01CTF is called.  
*Constraint:*  $LDC \geq \max(1, M)$ .
- 13: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.  
*On exit:* IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).  
For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry  $IFAIL = 0$  or  $-1$ , explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by `X04AAF`).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

$IFAIL = 1$

On entry, one or both of `TRANSA` or `TRANSB` is not equal to 'N', 'T' or 'C'.

$IFAIL = 2$

On entry, one or both of `M` or `N` is less than 0.

$IFAIL = 3$

On entry,  $LDA < \max(1, P)$ , where  $P = M$  if `TRANSA` = 'N', and  $P = N$  otherwise.

$IFAIL = 4$

On entry,  $LDB < \max(1, P)$ , where  $P = M$  if `TRANSB` = 'N', and  $P = N$  otherwise.

$IFAIL = 5$

On entry,  $LDC < \max(1, M)$ .

## 7 Accuracy

The results returned by F01CTF are accurate to *machine precision*.

## 8 Further Comments

The time taken for a call of F01CTF varies with `M`, `N` and the values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . The routine is quickest if either or both of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are equal to zero, or plus or minus unity.

## 9 Example

The following program reads in a pair of matrices  $A$  and  $B$ , along with values for `TRANSA`, `TRANSB`, `ALPHA` and `BETA`, and adds them together, printing the result matrix  $C$ . The process is continued until the end of the input stream is reached.

### 9.1 Program Text

**Note:** the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*      F01CTF Example Program Text
*      Mark 18 Revised.  NAG Copyright 1997.
*      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
      PARAMETER        (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      INTEGER          NMAX, LDA, LDB, LDC
      PARAMETER        (NMAX=6,LDA=NMAX,LDB=LDA,LDC=LDA)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
      real             ALPHA, BETA
      INTEGER          I, IFAIL, J, M, N, NCOLA, NCOLB, NROWA, NROWB
      CHARACTER        TRANSA, TRANSB
      CHARACTER*80     EXTITL
*      .. Local Arrays ..
      real             A(LDA,NMAX), B(LDB,NMAX), C(LDC,NMAX)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL         F01CTF, X04CAF
*      .. Executable Statements ..
```

```

      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F01CTF Example Program Results'
*      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN,*)
20    READ (NIN,'(A)',END=80) EXTITL
*      Read matrices A and B.
      READ (NIN,*) NROWA, NCOLA, TRANSA, ALPHA
*      Check that the arrays are large enough to hold the matrices.
      IF (NROWA.LE.LDA .AND. NCOLA.LE.NMAX) THEN
        DO 40 I = 1, NROWA
          READ (NIN,*) (A(I,J),J=1,NCOLA)
40      CONTINUE
        READ (NIN,*) NROWB, NCOLB, TRANSB, BETA
        IF (NROWB.LE.LDB .AND. NCOLB.LE.NMAX) THEN
          DO 60 I = 1, NROWB
            READ (NIN,*) (B(I,J),J=1,NCOLB)
60      CONTINUE
          IF (TRANSA.EQ.'N' .OR. TRANSA.EQ.'n') THEN
            M = NROWA
            N = NCOLA
          ELSE
            M = NCOLA
            N = NROWA
          END IF
          IFAIL = 0
*
*      Add the two matrices A and B.
          CALL F01CTF(TRANSA,TRANSB,M,N,ALPHA,A,LDA,BETA,B,LDB,C,LDC,
+                  IFAIL)
*
*      Print the result matrix C.
          WRITE (NOUT,*)
          WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'TRANSA = ', TRANSA, ', ', TRANSB = ',
+      TRANSB, ', ', ALPHA = ', ALPHA, ', BETA = ', BETA
          CALL X04CAF('G','X',M,N,C,LDC,'Matrix C:',IFAIL)
          WRITE (NOUT,*)
          GO TO 20
        END IF
      END IF
80    CONTINUE
      STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,5A,1P,e11.3,A,e11.3)
      END

```

## 9.2 Program Data

F01CTF Example Program Data.

Example 1:

|               |                             |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 4 3 'N' 1.0   | NROWA, NCOLA, TRANSA, ALPHA |
| 1.0 2.5 3.0   | Matrix A                    |
| -2.0 2.0 -1.5 |                             |
| 3.5 2.0 -2.5  |                             |
| 1.5 -2.0 1.0  |                             |

|               |                            |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| 4 3 'N' 1.0   | NROWB, NCOLB, TRANSB, BETA |
| 2.0 -2.5 -2.0 | Matrix B                   |
| 1.0 1.0 1.0   |                            |
| -1.5 2.5 -2.5 |                            |
| 2.0 -2.0 1.0  |                            |

Example 2:

|                         |                             |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3 5 'N' 1.0             | NROWA, NCOLA, TRANSA, ALPHA |
| 1.0 2.5 3.0 1.5 2.5     | Matrix A                    |
| -2.0 2.0 -1.5 -2.0 -1.0 |                             |
| 3.5 2.0 -2.5 -1.5 2.5   |                             |
| 5 3 'T' -1.0            | NROWB, NCOLB, TRANSB, BETA  |
| 2.0 -2.5 -2.0           | Matrix B                    |
| 1.0 1.0 1.0             |                             |
| -1.5 2.5 -2.5           |                             |
| 2.0 -2.0 1.0            |                             |
| 1.0 1.0 2.5             |                             |

### 9.3 Program Results

F01CTF Example Program Results

TRANSA = 'N', TRANSB = 'N', ALPHA = 1.000E+00, BETA = 1.000E+00  
Matrix C:

|   | 1       | 2       | 3       |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| 1 | 3.0000  | 0.0000  | 1.0000  |
| 2 | -1.0000 | 3.0000  | -0.5000 |
| 3 | 2.0000  | 4.5000  | -5.0000 |
| 4 | 3.5000  | -4.0000 | 2.0000  |

TRANSA = 'N', TRANSB = 'T', ALPHA = 1.000E+00, BETA = -1.000E+00  
Matrix C:

|   | 1       | 2      | 3       | 4       | 5       |
|---|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1 | -1.0000 | 1.5000 | 4.5000  | -0.5000 | 1.5000  |
| 2 | 0.5000  | 1.0000 | -4.0000 | 0.0000  | -2.0000 |
| 3 | 5.5000  | 1.0000 | 0.0000  | -2.5000 | 0.0000  |

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