

NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

E04VKF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

To supply optional parameters to E04VHF from an external file. The initialization routine E04VGF **must** have been called prior to calling E04VKF.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE E04VKF (ISPECS, CW, IW, RW, IFAIL)
INTEGER           ISPECS, IW(*), IFAIL
double precision   RW(*)
CHARACTER*8        CW(*)
```

3 Description

E04VKF may be used to supply values for optional parameters to E04VHF. E04VKF reads an external file and each line of the file defines a single optional parameter. It is only necessary to supply values for those parameters whose values are to be different from their default values.

Each optional parameter is defined by a single character string consisting of one or more items. The items associated with a given option must be separated by spaces, or equals signs [=]. Alphabetic characters may be upper or lower case. The string

```
Print Level = 1
```

is an example of a string used to set an optional parameter. For each option the string contains one or more of the following items:

- (a) A mandatory keyword.
- (b) A phrase that qualifies the keyword.
- (c) A number that specifies an INTEGER or *double precision* value. Such numbers may be up to 16 contiguous characters in Fortran's I, F, E or D formats, terminated by a space if this is not the last item on the line.

Blank strings and comments are ignored. A comment begins with an asterisk (*) and all subsequent characters in the string are regarded as part of the comment.

The file containing the options must start with **Begin** and must finish with **End**. An example of a valid options file is:

```
Begin * Example options file
      Print Level = 5
End
```

Optional parameter settings are preserved following a call to E04VHF and so the keyword **Defaults** is provided to allow you to reset all the optional parameters to their default values prior to a subsequent call to E04VHF.

A complete list of optional parameters, their abbreviations, synonyms and default values is given in Section 11 of the document for E04VHF.

4 References

Hock W and Schittkowski K (1981) *Test Examples for Nonlinear Programming Codes. Lecture Notes in Economics and Mathematical Systems* **187** Springer–Verlag

5 Parameters

1: ISPECS – INTEGER *Input*

On entry: the unit number of the option file to be read.

Constraint: ISPECS is a valid unit open for reading.

2: CW(*) – CHARACTER*8 array *Communication Array*

3: IW(*) – INTEGER array *Communication Array*

4: RW(*) – **double precision** array *Communication Array*

The arrays CW, IW and RW are defined in the document for E04VGF and **must not** be altered between calls to any of the routines E04VGF, E04VHF, E04VKF, E04VLF, E04VMF, E04VNF, E04VRF and E04VSF.

5: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

The initialization routine E04VGF has not been called.

IFAIL = 2

Could not read options file on unit ISPECS. This may be due to:

- (a) ISPECS is not a valid unit number;
- (b) a file is not associated with unit ISPECS, or if it is, is unavailable for read access;
- (c) one or more lines of the options file is invalid. Check that all keywords are neither ambiguous nor misspelt;
- (d) **begin** was found, but end-of-file was found before **end** was found;
- (e) end-of-file was found before **begin** was found.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

E04VLF, E04VMF or E04VNF may also be used to supply optional parameters to E04VHF.

9 Example

This example solves the same problem as the example in the document for E04VHF, but sets and reads some optional parameters first. See Section 9 of the document for E04VHF for further details.

The example in the document for E04VJF also solves the same problem (see Section 9 of the document for E04VJF), but it first calls E04VJF to determine the sparsity pattern before calling E04VKF.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses ***bold italicised*** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```

*      E04VKF Example Program Text
*      Mark 21 Release. NAG Copyright 2004.
*      IMPLICIT      NONE
*      .. Parameters ..
*      INTEGER        NIN, NOUT
*      PARAMETER      (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
*      INTEGER        NMAX, NFMAX, LENAMX, LENGMX
*      PARAMETER      (NMAX=100,NFMAX=100,LENAMX=300,LENGMX=300)
*      INTEGER        LENCW, LENIW, LENRW
*      PARAMETER      (LENCW=600,LENIW=600,LENRW=600)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
*      DOUBLE PRECISION BNDINF, FEATOL, OBJADD, SINF
*      INTEGER         ELMODE, I, IFAIL, LENA, LENG, N, NEA, NEG, NF,
*      +              NFNAME, NINF, NS, NXNAME, OBJROW, START
*      CHARACTER*8     PROB
*      .. Local Arrays ..
*      DOUBLE PRECISION A(LENAMX), F(NFMAX), FLOW(NFMAX), FMUL(NFMAX),
*      +                  FUPP(NFMAX), RUSER(1), RW(LENRW), X(NMAX),
*      +                  XLOW(NMAX), XMUL(NMAX), XUPP(NMAX)
*      INTEGER         FSTATE(NFMAX), IAFUN(LENAMX), IGFUN(LENGMX),
*      +                  IUSER(1), IW(LENIW), JAVAR(LENAMX),
*      +                  JGVAR(LENGMX), XSTATE(NMAX)
*      CHARACTER*8     CUSER(1), CW(LENCW), FNAMES(NFMAX), XNAMES(NMAX)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
*      EXTERNAL        E04VGF, E04VHF, E04VKF, E04VLF, E04VMF, E04VNF,
*      +                  E04VRF, E04VSF, USRFUN
*      .. Intrinsic Functions ..
*      INTRINSIC       MAX
*      .. Executable Statements ..
*      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'E04VKF Example Program Results'
*
*      This program demonstrates the use of routines to set and
*      get values of optional parameters associated with E04VHF.
*
*      Skip heading in data file
*      READ (NIN,*)
*      READ (NIN,*) N, NF
*      READ (NIN,*) NEA, NEG, OBJROW, START
*
*      IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. NF.LE.NFMAX .AND. NEA.LE.LENAMX .AND. NEG.LE.
*      +      LENGMX) THEN
*          LENA = MAX(1,NEA)
*          LENG = MAX(1,NEG)
*          NXNAME = N
*          NFNAME = NF
*          OBJADD = 0.0D0
*          PROB = ''
*
*      Read the variable names XNAMES
*      READ (NIN,*) (XNAMES(I),I=1,NXNAME)
*      Read the function names FNAMES

```

```

      READ (NIN,*) (FNAMES(I),I=1,NFNAME)
*
*   Read the sparse matrix A, the linear part of F
      DO 20 I = 1, NEA
*       For each element read row, column, A(row,column)
*       READ (NIN,*) IAFUN(I), JAVAR(I), A(I)
20    CONTINUE

*   Read the structure of sparse matrix G, the nonlinear part of F
      DO 40 I = 1, NEG
*       For each element read row, column
*       READ (NIN,*) IGFUN(I), JGVAR(I)
40    CONTINUE

*   Read the lower and upper bounds on the variables
      DO 60 I = 1, N
         READ (NIN,*) XLOW(I), XUPP(I)
60    CONTINUE

*   Read the lower and upper bounds on the functions
      DO 80 I = 1, NF
         READ (NIN,*) FLOW(I), FUPP(I)
80    CONTINUE

*   Initialise X, XSTATE, XMUL, F, FSTATE, FMUL
      READ (NIN,*) (X(I),I=1,N)
      READ (NIN,*) (XSTATE(I),I=1,N)
      READ (NIN,*) (XMUL(I),I=1,N)
      READ (NIN,*) (F(I),I=1,NF)
      READ (NIN,*) (FSTATE(I),I=1,NF)
      READ (NIN,*) (FMUL(I),I=1,NF)

*   Call E04VGF to initialise E04VHF.
      IFAIL = -1
      CALL E04VGF(CW,LENCW,IW,LENIW,RW,LENRW,IFAIL)

*   By default E04VHF does not print monitoring
*   information. Set the print file unit or the summary
*   file unit to get information.
      CALL E04VMF('Print file',NOUT,CW,IW,RW,IFAIL)

*   Use E04VKF to read some options from the end of the input
*   data file.
      CALL E04VKF(NIN,CW,IW,RW,IFAIL)
      WRITE (NOUT,*)

*   Use E04VRF to find the value of integer-valued option
*   'Elastic mode'.
      CALL E04VRF('Elastic mode',ELMODE,CW,IW,RW,IFAIL)
      WRITE (NOUT,99999) ELMODE

*   Use E04VNF to set the value of real-valued option
*   'Infinite bound size'.
      BNDINF = 1.0D10
      CALL E04VNF('Infinite bound size',BNDINF,CW,IW,RW,IFAIL)

*   Use E04VSF to find the value of real-valued option
*   'Feasibility tolerance'.
      CALL E04VSF('Feasibility tolerance',FEATOL,CW,IW,RW,IFAIL)
      WRITE (NOUT,99998) FEATOL

*   Use E04VLF to set the option 'Major iterations limit'.
      CALL E04VLF('Major iterations limit 50',CW,IW,RW,IFAIL)

*   Solve the problem.
      IFAIL = -1
      CALL E04VHF(START,NF,N,NXNAME,NFNAME,OBJADD,OBJROW,PROB,USRFUN,
+                  IAFUN,JAVAR,A,LENA,NEA,IGFUN,JGVAR,LENG,NEG,XLOW,
+                  XUPP,XNAMES,FLOW,FUPP,FNAMES,X,XSTATE,XMUL,F,
+                  FSTATE,FMUL,NS,NINF,SINF,CW,LENCW,IW,LENIW,RW,
+                  LENRW,CUSER,IUSER,RUSER,IFAIL)

```

```

*
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT,99997) IFAIL
      IF (IFAIL.EQ.0) THEN
          WRITE (NOUT,99996) F(OBJROW)
          WRITE (NOUT,99995) (X(I),I=1,N)
      END IF
*
      END IF
      STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,'Option ''Elastic mode'' has the value ',I3,'.')
99998 FORMAT (1X,'Option ''Feasibility tolerance'' has the value ',1P,
+           E13.5,'.')
99997 FORMAT (1X,'On exit from E04VHF, IFAIL = ',I5)
99996 FORMAT (1X,'Final objective value = ',F11.1)
99995 FORMAT (1X,'Optimal X = ',7F9.2)
      END
*
      SUBROUTINE USRFUN(STATUS,N,X,NEEDF,NF,F,NEEDG,LENG,G,CUSER,IUSER,
+                      RUSER)
      IMPLICIT NONE
* .. Scalar Arguments ..
      INTEGER LENG, N, NEEDF, NEEDG, NF, STATUS
* .. Array Arguments ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION F(NF), G(LENG), RUSER(*), X(N)
      INTEGER IUSER(*)
      CHARACTER*8 CUSER(*)
* .. Intrinsic Functions ..
      INTRINSIC COS, SIN
* .. Executable Statements ..
      IF (NEEDF.GT.0) THEN
*         The nonlinear components of f_i(x) need to be assigned,
*         for i = 1 to NF
*         F(1) = 1000.0D+0*SIN(-X(1)-0.25D+0) + 1000.0D+0*SIN(-X(2)
*+             -0.25D+0)
*         F(2) = 1000.0D+0*SIN(X(1)-0.25D+0) + 1000.0D+0*SIN(X(1)-X(2)
*+             -0.25D+0)
*         F(3) = 1000.0D+0*SIN(X(2)-X(1)-0.25D+0) + 1000.0D+0*SIN(X(2)
*+             -0.25D+0)
*         N.B. in this example there is no need to assign for the wholly
*         linear components f_4(x) and f_5(x).
*         F(6) = 1.0D-6*X(3)**3 + 2.0D-6*X(4)**3/3.0D+0
      END IF
*
      IF (NEEDG.GT.0) THEN
*         The derivatives of the function f_i(x) need to be assigned.
*         G(k) should be set to partial derivative df_i(x)/dx_j where
*         i = IGFUN(k) and j = IGVAR(k), for k = 1 to LENG.
*         G(1) = -1000.0D+0*COS(-X(1)-0.25D+0)
*         G(2) = -1000.0D+0*COS(-X(2)-0.25D+0)
*         G(3) = 1000.0D+0*COS(X(1)-0.25D+0) + 1000.0D+0*COS(X(1)-X(2)
*+             -0.25D+0)
*         G(4) = -1000.0D+0*COS(X(1)-X(2)-0.25D+0)
*         G(5) = -1000.0D+0*COS(X(2)-X(1)-0.25D+0)
*         G(6) = 1000.0D+0*COS(X(2)-X(1)-0.25D+0) + 1000.0D+0*COS(X(2)
*+             -0.25D+0)
*         G(7) = 3.0D-6*X(3)**2
*         G(8) = 2.0D-6*X(4)**2
      END IF
*
      RETURN
      END

```

9.2 Program Data

```

E04VKF Example Program Data
 4   6      : Values of N and NF
 8   8   6   0 : Values of NEA, NEG, OBJROW and START

'X1'  'X2'  'X3'  'X4'  : XNAMES
'NlnCon 1'  'NlnCon 2'  'NlnCon 3'  'LinCon 1'  'LinCon 2'  'Objectiv' : FNAMES

1  3 -1.0DO  : Nonzero elements of sparse matrix A, the linear part of F.
2  4 -1.0DO  : Each row IAFUN(i), JAVAR(i), A(IAFUN(i),JAVAR(i)), i = 1 to NEA
4  1 -1.0DO
4  2  1.0DO
5  1  1.0DO
5  2 -1.0DO
6  3  3.0DO
6  4  2.0DO

1  1      : Nonzero row/column structure of G, IGFUN(i), JGVAR(i), i = 1 to NEG
1  2
2  1
2  2
3  1
3  2
6  3
6  4

-0.55D0    0.55D0  : Bounds on the variables, XLOW(i), XUPP(i), for i = 1 to N
-0.55D0    0.55D0
 0.0DO    1200.0DO
 0.0DO    1200.0DO

-894.8DO -894.8DO  : Bounds on the functions, FLOW(i), FUPP(i), for i = 1 to NF
-894.8DO -894.8DO
-1294.8DO -1294.8DO
-0.55D0    1.0D25
-0.55D0    1.0D25
-1.0D25    1.0D25

 0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0      : Initial values of X(i), for i = 1 to N
 0   0   0   0      : Initial values of XSTATE(i), for i = 1 to N
 0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0      : Initial values of XMUL(i), for i = 1 to N

 0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0 : Initial values of F(i), for i = 1 to NF
 0   0   0   0   0      : Initial values of FSTATE(i), for i = 1 to NF
 0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0 : Initial values of FMUL(i), for i = 1 to NF

Begin example options file
* Comment lines like this begin with an asterisk.
* Switch off output of timing information:
Timing level 0
* Allow elastic variables:
Elastic mode 1
* Set the feasibility tolerance:
Feasibility tolerance 1.0D-4
End

```

9.3 Program Results

E04VKF Example Program Results

OPTIONS file

```
Begin example options file
* Comment lines like this begin with an asterisk.
* Switch off output of timing information:
Timing level 0
* Allow elastic variables:
Elastic mode 1
* Set the feasibility tolerance:
Feasibility tolerance 1.0D-4
End
```

E04VKZ EXIT 100 -- finished successfully
E04VKZ INFO 101 -- OPTIONS file read

Option 'Elastic mode' has the value 1.
Option 'Feasibility tolerance' has the value 1.00000E-04.

Parameters

=====

Files

Solution file.....	0	Old basis file	0
(Print file).....	6		
Insert file.....	0	New basis file	0
(Summary file).....	0		
Punch file.....	0	Backup basis file.....	0
Load file.....	0	Dump file.....	0

Frequencies

Print frequency.....	100	Check frequency.....	60
Save new basis map.....	100		
Summary frequency.....	100	Factorization frequency	50
Expand frequency.....	10000		

QP subproblems

QPsolver Cholesky.....			
Scale tolerance.....	0.900	Minor feasibility tol..	1.00E-04
Iteration limit.....	10000		
Scale option.....	0	Minor optimality tol..	1.00E-06
Minor print level.....	1		
Crash tolerance.....	0.100	Pivot tolerance.....	1.11E-15
Partial price.....	1		
Crash option.....	3	Elastic weight.....	1.00E+04
Prtl price section (A)	4		
Prtl price section (-I)	6	New superbasics.....	99

The SQP Method

Minimize.....		Cold start.....	
Proximal Point method..	1		
Nonlinear objectiv vars	4	Objective Row.....	6
Function precision.....	1.72E-13	Superbasics limit.....	4
Unbounded step size....	1.00E+10	Hessian dimension.....	4
Difference interval....	4.15E-07		
Unbounded objective....	1.00E+15	Derivative linesearch..	
Central difference int. 5.57E-05			
Major step limit.....	2.00E+00	Linesearch tolerance... 0.90000	
Derivative option.....	1		
Major iterations limit.	50	Penalty parameter..... 0.00E+00	
Verify level.....	0		
Minor iterations limit.	500		

```

Major Print Level.....      1
                                Major optimality tol... 2.00E-06

Hessian Approximation
-----
Full-Memory Hessian....          Hessian updates..... 99999999
Hessian frequency..... 99999999

Hessian flush..... 99999999

Nonlinear constraints
-----
Nonlinear constraints..          3          Major feasibility tol.. 1.00E-06
Violation limit..... 1.00E+06
Nonlinear Jacobian vars       2

Miscellaneous
-----
LU factor tolerance.... 3.99          LU singularity tol.... 1.05E-08
Timing level..... 0
LU update tolerance.... 3.99          LU swap tolerance..... 1.03E-04
Debug level..... 0
LU partial pivoting...          eps (machine precision) 1.11E-16
System information..... No

Nonlinear constraints      3          Linear constraints      3
Nonlinear variables        4          Linear variables        0
Jacobian variables         2          Objective variables     4
Total constraints          6          Total variables        4

The user has defined      8    out of      8    first derivatives

Cheap test of user-supplied problem derivatives...

The constraint gradients seem to be OK.

--> The largest discrepancy was 2.20E-08 in constraint      6

The objective gradients seem to be OK.

Gradient projected in one direction 0.00000000000E+00
Difference approximation        4.48709939860E-21

      Itns Major Minors      Step      nCon Feasible   Optimal MeritFunction      L+U
      BSwap      nS condHz Penalty
      3      0      3
      1 1.7E+07      -      r
      5      1      2 1.2E-03
      1 4.8E+06 2.8E+00 _n rl
      6      2      1 1.3E-03
      2.8E+00 _s 1
      6      3      0 7.5E-03
      2.8E+00 _ 1
      6      4      0 2.3E-02
      2.8E+00 _ 1
      6      5      0 6.9E-02
      2.8E+00 _ 1
      7      6      1 2.2E-01
      1 8.7E+03 2.8E+00 _ 1
      8      7      1 8.3E-01
      1 7.6E+03 2.8E+00 _ 1
      9      8      1 1.0E+00
      1      1 1.2E+02 2.8E+00 _
      10     9      1 1.0E+00
      1 9.4E+01 2.8E+00 _
      11     10     1 1.0E+00
      1 1.0E+02 2.8E+00 _
      12     11     1 1.0E+00
      1 9.5E+01 2.8E+00 _
      13     12     1 1.0E+00
      1 9.5E+01 2.8E+00 _


```

14	13	1 1.0E+00	14 (6.7E-15) (3.0E-09)	5.1264981E+03	15
1 9.5E+01	6.0E+00	_			

E04VHF EXIT 0 -- finished successfully
 E04VHF INFO 1 -- optimality conditions satisfied

Problem name

No. of iterations	14	Objective value	5.1264981096E+03
No. of major iterations	13	Linear objective	4.0919702248E+03
Penalty parameter	6.035E+00	Nonlinear objective	1.0345278848E+03
No. of calls to funobj	15	No. of calls to funcon	15
No. of superbasics	1	No. of basic nonlinear	3
No. of degenerate steps	0	Percentage	0.00
Max x	4 1.0E+03	Max pi	3 5.5E+00
Max Primal infeas	0 0.0E+00	Max Dual infeas	1 4.6E-08
Nonlinear constraint violn	5.7E-12		

Name	Objective Value	5.1264981096E+03
------	-----------------	------------------

Status	Optimal Soln	Iteration	14	Superbasics	1
--------	--------------	-----------	----	-------------	---

Objective	(Min)
-----------	-------

RHS

Ranges

Bounds

Section 1 - Rows

Number	...Row..	State	...Activity...	Slack	Activity	..Lower Limit.	..Upper
Limit.	Dual Activity		..i				
5	NlnCon 1	EQ	-894.80000		0.00000	-894.80000	-
894.80000		-4.38698	1				
6	NlnCon 2	EQ	-894.80000		0.00000	-894.80000	-
894.80000		-4.10563	2				
7	NlnCon 3	EQ	-1294.80000		0.00000	-1294.80000	-
1294.80000		-5.46328	3				
8	LinCon 1	BS		-0.51511	0.03489		-0.55000
None	.		4				
9	LinCon 2	BS		0.51511	1.06511		-0.55000
None	.		5				
10	Objectiv	BS		4091.97022	4091.97022		None
None	-1.0		6				

Section 2 - Columns

Number	.Column.	State	...Activity...	.Obj Gradient.	..Lower Limit.	..Upper
Limit.	Reduced Gradnt		m+j			
1	X1		BS	0.11888	.	-0.55000
0.55000		0.00000		7		
2	X2		BS	-0.39623	.	-0.55000
0.55000		0.00000		8		
3	X3		SBS	679.94532	4.38698	.
1200.00000		0.00000		9		
4	X4		BS	1026.06713	4.10563	.
1200.00000		0.00000		10		

On exit from E04VHF, IFAIL = 0
 Final objective value = 5126.5
 Optimal X = 0.12 -0.40 679.95 1026.07
